

CLASSICAL ANTIQUITY CHRONOLOGY

Ancient Greece & Rome Comparative Timeline

ANCIENT GREECE

Era	Key Characteristics
Archaic 800-480 BCE	Rise of City-States (Polis), early hoplite warfare, and the first Olympic Games.
Classical 480-323 BCE	Golden Age of Athens, Persian Wars, Socrates/Plato, Parthenon construction.
Hellenistic 323-31 BCE	Death of Alexander the Great, spread of Greek culture across the Near East.

ANCIENT ROME

Era	Key Characteristics
Kingdom 753-509 BCE	Founding by Romulus, period of the Seven Kings, Etruscan influence.
Republic 509-27 BCE	Establishment of the Senate, Punic Wars against Carthage, rise of Julius Caesar.
Empire 27 BCE-476 CE	Rule of Emperors (Augustus), Pax Romana, expansion to maximum borders.

MAJOR CONTRIBUTIONS

Greece: Democracy, Philosophy (Logic), Geometry, Theater (Tragedy/Comedy), Architectural Orders (Doric, Ionic, Corinthian).

Rome: Civil Law, Concrete/Arch engineering, Aqueducts, Republican Governance, Latin Language (Roots of Romance languages).

STUDY REFERENCE MATERIAL & CLASSICAL HISTORY SERIES