

SURFACE ANATOMY: HUMAN LIVER LOBES

[Anterior View Illustration Placeholder]

Lobe / Feature	Surface Description & Landmarks
Right Lobe	Largest lobe; occupies the right hypochondrium. Separated from the left by the falciform ligament.
Left Lobe	Smaller, flattened lobe; extends into the epigastric region. Tip reaches the left mid-clavicular line.
Caudate Lobe	Situated on the posterosuperior surface of the right lobe; bounded by the IVC and ligamentum venosum.
Quadrangle Lobe	Located on the inferior surface; bounded by the gallbladder fossa and ligamentum teres.
Falciform Ligament	Sickle-shaped peritoneal fold attaching the liver to the anterior abdominal wall and diaphragm.