

GERMAN NUMBERS 1 - 1000

Reference Chart with Phonetic Pronunciation

The Basics (1-12)

#	German	Pronunciation
1	eins	<i>igh-ns</i>
2	zwei	<i>tsvigh</i>
3	drei	<i>drigh</i>
4	vier	<i>feer</i>
5	fünf	<i>fewnf</i>
6	sechs	<i>zex</i>
7	sieben	<i>zee-ben</i>
8	acht	<i>ahkt</i>
9	neun	<i>noyn</i>
10	zehn	<i>tsayn</i>
11	elf	<i>elf</i>
12	zwölf	<i>tsvuhlf</i>

The Tens (20-100)

#	German	Pronunciation
20	zwanzig	<i>tsvan-tsikh</i>
30	dreißig	<i>drigh-sikh</i>
40	vierzig	<i>feer-tsikh</i>
50	fünfzig	<i>fewnf-tsikh</i>
60	sechzig	<i>zekh-tsikh</i>
70	siebzig	<i>zeeb-tsikh</i>

80	achtzig	<i>ahkt-tsikh</i>
90	neunzig	<i>noyn-tsikh</i>
100	hundert	<i>hoon-dert</i>

Large Numbers

#	German	Pronunciation
101	hunderteins	<i>hoon-dert-igh-ns</i>
200	zweihundert	<i>tsvigh-hoon-dert</i>
500	f�nfhundert	<i>fewnf-hoon-dert</i>
1000	tausend	<i>tau-zent</i>

Grammar Tip: Combining Numbers

From 21-99, German uses the format "*Unit AND Ten*" (e.g., 21 is **einundzwanzig** - "one and twenty"). Numbers are written as one single word.